



NEWS RELEASE

GEAR ENERGY LTD. ANNOUNCES FOURTH QUARTER 2017 OPERATING RESULTS

CALGARY, ALBERTA (February 21, 2018) Gear Energy Ltd. (“Gear” or the “Company”) (TSX:GXE) is pleased to provide the following fourth quarter operating update to shareholders. Gear’s Interim Financial Statements and related Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) for the period ended December 31, 2017 are available for review on Gear’s website at www.gearenergy.com and on www.sedar.com.

Financial Summary

(Cdn\$ thousands, except per share, share and per boe amounts)	Three months ended			Twelve months ended	
	Dec 31, 2017	Dec 31, 2016	Sep 30, 2017	Dec 31, 2017	Dec 31, 2016
FINANCIAL					
Cash flow from operations ⁽¹⁾	14,613	9,407	9,960	43,550	28,591
Per weighted average basic share	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.23	0.21
Per weighted average diluted share	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.21	0.21
Cash flow from operating activities	9,964	6,888	9,197	36,768	25,306
Net income (loss)	6,947	(12,191)	(2,705)	10,229	(23,686)
Per weighted average basic share	0.04	(0.07)	(0.01)	0.05	(0.18)
Per weighted average diluted share	0.03	(0.07)	(0.01)	0.05	(0.18)
Capital expenditures	12,307	6,067	10,513	47,765	14,368
Net acquisitions ⁽²⁾	14	(74)	1,635	1,709	57,612
Net debt outstanding ⁽¹⁾	43,269	36,967	44,568	43,269	36,967
Weighted average shares, basic (thousands)	194,968	191,134	193,158	193,477	133,172
Weighted average shares, diluted (thousands)	211,310	191,134	193,158	210,029	133,172
Shares outstanding, end of period (thousands)	194,968	192,568	194,968	194,968	192,568
OPERATING					
Production					
Heavy Oil (bbl/d)	4,760	3,997	4,054	4,112	4,099
Light and Medium Oil (bbl/d)	1,161	989	1,290	1,237	428
Natural gas liquids (bbl/d)	242	308	279	265	114
Natural gas (mcf/d)	5,566	5,456	5,415	5,379	3,064
Total (boe/d)	7,090	6,203	6,525	6,511	5,152
Average prices					
Heavy oil (\$/bbl)	49.18	41.21	44.00	45.49	34.74
Light and Medium oil (\$/bbl)	64.71	57.98	53.12	59.40	55.30
Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)	27.79	24.16	27.28	26.80	22.89
Natural gas (\$/mcf)	1.90	3.07	1.52	2.32	2.50
Netback (\$/boe)					
Commodity and other sales	46.06	39.70	40.41	43.15	34.15
Royalties	(4.15)	(3.76)	(4.50)	(4.40)	(3.19)
Operating costs	(16.03)	(16.25)	(16.57)	(16.66)	(15.46)
Operating netback ⁽¹⁾	25.88	19.69	19.34	22.09	15.50
Realized risk management (losses) gains	(0.73)	0.24	0.11	(0.64)	4.67
General and administrative	(1.92)	(2.59)	(2.06)	(2.25)	(2.85)
Interest	(0.83)	(0.85)	(0.81)	(0.84)	(1.17)
Other	-	-	-	(0.04)	(1.04)
Corporate netback ⁽¹⁾	22.40	16.49	16.58	18.32	15.11
TRADING STATISTICS					
(\$ based on intra-day trading)					
High	1.00	1.18	0.86	1.26	1.18
Low	0.70	0.68	0.65	0.60	0.25
Close	0.85	1.18	0.82	0.85	1.18
Average daily volume (thousands)	468	647	326	400	389

(1) Cash flow from operations, net debt, operating netback and corporate netback are non-GAAP measures and additional information with respect to these measures can be found under the heading “Non-GAAP Measures” in Gear’s MD&A.

(2) Net acquisitions exclude non-cash items for decommissioning liability and deferred taxes and is net of post-closing adjustments.

QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

- Achieved record high sales production for the fourth quarter averaging 7,090 boe per day. This was a nine per cent increase compared to the prior quarter and a 14 per cent increase compared to the prior year fourth quarter. Estimated field production was even higher at 7,380 boe per day for the fourth quarter. As a result of takeaway bottlenecks experienced in the fourth quarter, Gear built its heavy oil inventory by approximately 27,000 barrels to exit with approximately 189,000 barrels in storage. As oil egress improves through the remainder of 2018, Gear will look to reduce inventories to regular operating levels.
- Realized quarterly cash flow from operations of \$14.6 million, a 46 per cent increase from the third quarter cash flow of \$10.0 million and the highest quarterly cash flow in 10 consecutive quarters. The significant increase was primarily due to higher production as a result of Gear's active and successful summer drilling program and an increase in realized pricing.
- Realized operating netback of \$25.88 per boe and a corporate netback of \$22.40 per boe, an increase of 34 per cent and 35 per cent, respectively, from the third quarter, principally as a result of increased prices and lower costs.
- Drilled 7 gross (7 net) wells during the quarter with 100 per cent success including; three multi-lateral unlined heavy oil wells in Wildmere, two fracture stimulated medium oil wells in Killam, one horizontal heavy oil well in Paradise Hill, and one multi-lateral unlined heavy oil well in Hoosier. Based on preliminary results, aggregate production for the new wells is meeting expectations. Total development capital expenditures during the fourth quarter totaled \$12.3 million.
- Reduced outstanding net debt through the fourth quarter to exit 2017 with net debt of \$43.3 million and a strong fourth quarter net debt to annualized cash flow from operations ratio of 0.7 times.

ANNUAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Realized record annual sales production of 6,511 boe per day for calendar 2017, a 26 per cent increase over the 5,152 boe per day in 2016. This accomplishment was primarily the result of the successful annual drilling program as well as including a full year of production from the acquisition of Striker Exploration Corp. ("Striker") completed in July 2016. Estimated field production for 2017 was 6,648 boe per day.
- Achieved annual cash flow from operations of \$43.6 million in 2017, a 52 per cent increase over the \$28.6 million recorded in 2016.
- Successfully drilled 33 out of 34 gross wells (32.8 out of 33.8 net) including 15 Paradise Hill heavy oil wells, 11 Wildmere heavy oil wells, three Hoosier heavy oil wells, two Killam medium oil wells, and three Wilson Creek light oil wells. The one unsuccessful well experienced an underground blowout prior to reaching the target reservoir and was abandoned after being safely and effectively contained. All associated expenditures were insured.
- Decreased annual general & administrative and interest expense per boe by 21 per cent and 28 per cent, respectively, compared to 2016. These savings were a result of increasing production and lowering average debt levels. Operating costs increased year over year by eight percent largely as a result of increased gas processing fees associated with the Striker acquisition completed in July 2016.
- Increased Gear's credit facility from \$50 million to \$55 million and maintained a strong 2017 annual net debt to cash flow from operations ratio of 1.0 times.

2018 OUTLOOK

- Commodity prices into early 2018 have continued their trend of volatility with WTI ranging from a high of almost US\$67 per barrel to a low below US\$58 per barrel. Additionally, Canadian heavy oil differentials have widened, albeit briefly to as much as US\$30 per barrel. The theme through the last few months has been focused on transportation challenges for Canadian oil with the market presently looking to crude-by-rail to relieve the current bottlenecks. The recent forward curve prices, after hedging, are indicating a potential \$4 per boe reduction in forecasted revenue relative to the pricing Gear used when building the initial 2018 capital budget.
- Fortunately, additional oil takeaway capacity appears to be coming into the market with greater pipeline capacity (through re-configurations) and incremental rail services. At this time, Gear is still planning to largely execute its 2018 program as outlined in its December 14, 2017 budget press release. However, Gear has deferred some of its planned Q1 heavy oil drilling locations into the summer due to the takeaway capacity constraints previously highlighted. Gear is also looking to potentially substitute and accelerate some of its light oil drilling locations in place of heavy oil drilling locations in the first half of the year. As always, the team will remain nimble and adjust capital accordingly to balance growth opportunities with the maintenance of a strong balance sheet.

GEAR ENERGY LTD.
BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)
As at December 31

(Cdn\$ thousands)	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Accounts receivable	\$ 13,240	\$ 9,526
Prepaid expenses	2,862	2,774
Inventory	7,297	5,723
	23,399	18,023
Deferred income tax asset	26,531	20,589
Property, plant and equipment	256,961	242,837
Total assets	\$ 306,891	\$ 281,449
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 11,625	\$ 9,827
Risk management contracts	5,295	7,305
Flow-through share liability	-	135
	16,920	17,267
Debt	41,345	31,163
Convertible debentures	12,155	11,973
Decommissioning liability	80,541	78,814
Total liabilities	150,961	139,217
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital	311,240	308,900
Warrants	129	335
Equity component of convertible debentures	2,592	2,649
Contributed surplus	15,178	13,786
Deficit	(173,209)	(183,438)
Total shareholders' equity	155,930	142,232
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 306,891	\$ 281,449

GEAR ENERGY LTD.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited)
For the years ended December 31
(Cdn\$ thousands)

	Share Capital	Warrants	Equity Component of Convertible Debentures	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 241,535	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,377	\$ (159,752)	\$ 94,160
Issued on offering of common shares	20,125	-	-	-	-	20,125
Issued as consideration on corporate acquisition	46,506	335	-	-	-	46,841
Issued on flow-through share offering	859	-	-	-	-	859
Share issue costs, net of deferred tax of \$357	(979)	-	-	-	-	(979)
Approval of conversion feature	-	-	2,800	-	-	2,800
Issued on conversion of convertible debentures	854	-	(151)	-	-	703
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	1,409	-	1,409
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(23,686)	(23,686)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 308,900	\$ 335	\$ 2,649	\$ 13,786	\$ (183,438)	\$ 142,232
Exercise of stock options	2,022	-	-	(573)	-	1,449
Cancellation of warrants	-	(206)	-	206	-	-
Share issue costs, net of deferred tax of \$2	(5)	-	-	-	-	(5)
Issued on conversion of convertible debentures	323	-	(57)	-	-	266
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	1,759	-	1,759
Net income for the year	-	-	-	-	10,229	10,229
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 311,240	\$ 129	\$ 2,592	\$ 15,178	\$ (173,209)	\$ 155,930

GEAR ENERGY LTD.
STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (unaudited)

(Cdn\$ thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended December 31		Twelve Months Ended December 31	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
REVENUE				
Sales of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids	\$ 30,047	\$ 22,654	\$ 102,551	\$ 64,400
Royalties	(2,705)	(2,144)	(10,454)	(6,006)
	27,342	20,510	92,097	58,394
Realized cash (loss) gain on risk management contracts	(476)	139	(1,524)	8,801
Unrealized (loss) gain on risk management contracts	(5,261)	(5,586)	2,010	(16,478)
	21,605	15,063	92,583	50,717
EXPENSES				
Operating	10,456	9,275	39,586	29,156
General and administrative	1,253	1,479	5,347	5,378
Interest and financing charges	540	484	1,986	2,209
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	10,450	9,052	37,896	26,917
Accretion	578	461	2,199	1,660
Share-based compensation	420	497	1,759	1,409
Transaction costs	-	-	-	1,485
Gain on asset disposition	-	-	(445)	(1,300)
Loss on conversion approval option	-	-	-	1,000
Other	1	1	101	484
	23,698	21,249	88,429	68,398
Deferred tax recovery (expense)	9,040	(6,005)	6,075	(6,005)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 6,947	\$ (12,191)	\$ 10,229	\$ (23,686)
Net income (loss) per share, basic	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.18)
Net income (loss) per share, diluted	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.18)

GEAR ENERGY LTD.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

(Cdn\$ thousands)	Three Months Ended December 31		Twelve Months Ended December 31	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss)	\$ 6,947	\$ (12,191)	\$ 10,229	\$ (23,686)
Add items not involving cash:				
Unrealized loss (gain) on risk management contracts	5,261	5,584	(2,010)	16,478
Bad debt (recovery) expense	(3)	(1)	(3)	108
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	10,450	9,052	37,896	26,917
Accretion	578	461	2,199	1,660
Share-based compensation	420	497	1,759	1,409
Gain on asset disposition	-	-	(445)	(1,300)
Loss on conversion approval option	-	-	-	1,000
Deferred tax (recovery) expense	(9,040)	6,005	(6,075)	6,005
Decommissioning liabilities settled	(1,260)	(210)	(2,577)	(1,853)
Change in non-cash working capital	(3,389)	(2,309)	(4,205)	(1,432)
	9,964	6,888	36,768	25,306
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Borrowings (repayments) of debt under credit facility	1,937	(2,372)	10,182	(24,562)
Repayment of debt assumed on corporate acquisition	-	-	-	(8,393)
Convertible debenture issue costs	-	-	-	5
Issuance of share capital, net of share issue costs	-	981	1,442	19,789
	1,937	(1,391)	11,624	(13,161)
CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	(12,307)	(6,067)	(47,765)	(14,368)
Acquisition of petroleum and natural gas properties	(46)	(103)	(2,261)	(220)
Disposition of petroleum and natural gas properties	(11)	285	511	1,087
Change in non-cash working capital	463	388	1,123	1,356
	(11,901)	(5,497)	(48,392)	(12,145)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	-	-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	-	-	-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT:

Ingram Gillmore
President & CEO
403-538-8463
Email: igillmore@gearenergy.com
Website: www.gearenergy.com

David Hwang
Vice President Finance & CFO
403-538-8437
Email: dhwang@gearenergy.com

Forward-looking Information and Statements

This press release contains certain forward-looking information and statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws. The use of any of the words "expect", "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "objective", "ongoing", "may", "will", "project", "should", "believe", "plans", "intends", "strategy" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking information or statements. In particular, but without limiting the foregoing, this press release contains forward-looking information and statements pertaining to the following: expectations with respect to commodity prices and differentials; the potential for a reduction on a boe basis for forecasted revenue; the expectation that additional oil takeaway capacity appears to be coming into the market with greater pipeline capacity (through re-configurations) and incremental rail services; Gear's intent to largely execute its 2018 capital program as previously disclosed; the intent to defer some of Gear's planned first quarter heavy oil drilling locations into the summer; the expectation that Gear may potentially substitute and accelerate some of its light oil drilling locations in place of heavy oil drilling locations in the first half of the year; and the expectation that Gear will be able to adjust capital accordingly to balance growth opportunities with the maintenance of a strong balance sheet.

The forward-looking information and statements contained in this press release reflect several material factors and expectations and assumptions of Gear including, without limitation: that Gear will continue to conduct its operations in a manner consistent with past operations; the general continuance of current industry conditions; the continuance of existing (and in certain circumstances, the implementation of proposed) tax, royalty and regulatory regimes; the accuracy of the estimates of Gear's reserves and resource volumes; certain commodity price and other cost assumptions; and the continued availability of adequate debt and equity financing and cash flow from operations to fund its planned expenditures. Gear believes the material factors, expectations and assumptions reflected in the forward-looking information and statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these factors, expectations and assumptions will prove to be correct.

To the extent that any forward-looking information contained herein may be considered a financial outlook, such information has been included to provide readers with an understanding of management's assumptions used for budgeting and developing future plans and readers are cautioned that the information may not be appropriate for other purposes. The forward-looking information and statements included in this press release are not guarantees of future performance and should not be unduly relied upon. Such information and statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking information or statements including, without limitation: changes in commodity prices; changes in the demand for or supply of Gear's products; unanticipated operating results or production declines; changes in tax or environmental laws, royalty rates or other regulatory matters; changes in development plans of Gear or by third party operators of Gear's properties, increased debt levels or debt service requirements; inaccurate estimation of Gear's oil and gas reserve and resource volumes; limited, unfavorable or a lack of access to capital markets; increased costs; a lack of adequate insurance coverage; the impact of competitors; and certain other risks detailed from time to time in Gear's public documents including in Gear's most current annual information form which is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

The forward-looking information and statements contained in this press release speak only as of the date of this press release, and Gear does not assume any obligation to publicly update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, except as may be required pursuant to applicable laws.

NON-GAAP Measures

This press release contains the terms cash flow from operations, net debt, operating netback and corporate netback, which do not have standardized meanings under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and therefore may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures by other companies. Management believes that these key performance indicators and benchmarks are key measures of financial performance for Gear and provide investors with information that is commonly used by other oil and gas companies. Cash flow from operations is calculated as cash flow from operating activities before changes in noncash operating working capital and decommissioning liabilities settled. Net debt is calculated as debt less current working capital items, excluding risk management contracts. Operating netbacks are presented both before and after taking into account the effects of hedging and are calculated based on the amount of revenues received on a per unit of production basis after royalties and operating costs. Corporate netbacks are presented after taking into account the effects of hedging and are calculated based on the amount of revenues received on a per unit of production basis after royalties, operating costs, general and administrative expenses, interest and foreign exchange gain or loss. Additional information relating to certain of these non-GAAP measures, including the reconciliation between cash flow from operations and cash flow from operating activities, can be found in the MD&A.

Barrels of Oil Equivalent

Disclosure provided herein in respect of BOEs may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A BOE conversion ratio of six Mcf to one Bbl is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and do not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Additionally, given that the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil, as compared to natural gas, is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6:1; utilizing a conversion ratio of 6:1 may be misleading as an indication of value.

Initial and Other Production Rates

Any references in this document to initial production rates or production rates of new wells over a period of time are useful in confirming the presence of hydrocarbons, however, such rates are not determinative of the rates at which such wells or other future wells will continue production and decline thereafter. Additionally, such rates may also include recovered "load oil" fluids used in well completion stimulation. There is no certainty that other wells on such properties will achieve such production levels. Readers are cautioned not to place reliance on such rates in calculating the aggregate production for Gear.